

An Inside Look at Electric Reliability 2022 PG&E Electric Reliability Virtual Town Hall



Online Presentation Dec. 15, 2023



Safety and Welcome

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Operations Communications

Internal



Agenda

- Safety and Welcome
- Overview of our electric system
- Power outages and interruptions
- System-wide and local reliability statistics
- What we're doing in your community to improve reliability
- Questions



Safety



General Safety Tips

Identify two exit routes from your current work area in the event of a fire or other emergency.



"Drop, cover and hold" in the event of an earthquake.



Notify emergency services if you are in danger. You can also ask for help by putting a message in the chat function of this meeting.





About PG&E

Monica Tell

Regional Senior Manager,

Bay Area Region

Diablo/East Bay/Mission Divisions



Energizing California for over 150 years









Regulated by the California Public Utilities Commission



Delivering for our hometowns



Delivering for our hometowns

Diablo Division:

PG&E's Diablo Division is located east of Oakland and in between Sacramento and Stockton. Lafayette, Concord, Walnut Creek, Danville, Brentwood, Bay Point, Antioch and Martinez are among the cities in the Diablo Division, which includes central and east Contra Costa County (CCC). West CCC is currently within the East Bay Division; likewise, the southern-most tip of CCC is within the Mission Division. The area is mostly suburban, with some business centers in the larger cities and designated open space. The Division is generally affluent with some pockets of low-income households.

- Area: 552 square mile
- **Population**: 1,165,900
- Customers:

Total Electric Service Agreements 321,548 customers **Total: Gas Service Agreements** 272,533 customers

- PG&E workforce: 3,356
- Infrastructure: powerlines, 4,637 miles; gas lines, 2,897 miles
- **PG&E facilities**: Major industries in this Division include refineries, chemical, steel, science/technology, real estate, health and public works. The power plant in the central portion of this Division supports electric demand not only for Diablo Division but for the entire Greater Bay Area Region.

Keeping our customers informed

Public safety

PGSE

The safety of our customers and the communities we serve is PG&E's primary responsibility. We engage our customers with a robust communication process.

Personal notifications include:

- In person conversations
- Door hangers
- Letters
- Phone calls
- Bill inserts





Delivering safe and reliable electric service

Tom Huynh

Manager, Electric Distribution Reliability

Our electric system



PG<mark>s</mark>e

We are committed to delivering safe, reliable, affordable and clean energy.

operates and maintains 107,460 Miles of distribution lines



18,330 Miles

of interconnected transmission lines focused on clean energy

Our electric system



Power Generated at 13–25 kV

PG<mark>8</mark>E

Transmission Line 60, 115, 230 or 500 kV

Distribution Line 4, 12, 17 or 21 kV

Home or Business 120–480 Volts





Vegetation (trees contacting power lines)



h

Animals

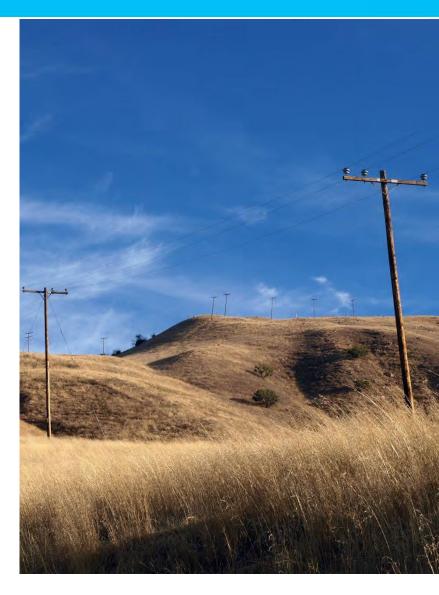
Equipment failure



Letter State State

High winds and dangerous conditions can cause branches to contact powerlines. This could damage our equipment and cause a wildfire.

To prevent such fires, we may need to turn off power as a last resort.



Enhanced Powerline Safety Settings (EPSS) A Technology To Prevent Wildfires

How It Works

PG&E powerlines have equipment that allows power to automatically turn off within onetenth of a second if there is a wildfire risk, like a tree branch or other object striking the line.

Why We Do It

Quickly and automatically shutting off power when a hazard is detected can help stop wildfires before they have a chance to start.

Preventing Wildfires

65% decrease in CPUC-reportable ignitions in 2022 on EPSS-enabled circuits. Compared to previous three years 2018-2020



SAFETY SETTINGS IN ACTION

An example of these settings preventing a potential ignition in Napa County. When a tree branch fell into a powerline, power was quickly and automatically turned off.

Public Safety Power Shutoffs (PSPS)

Turning off power to prevent tree branches and debris from contacting energized lines



WHEN

| Ouring times of high winds, low |
|---------------------------------|
| umidity and dry vegetation |

NOTIFICATIONS

In advance through automated calls, texts, and emails along with real-time updates

Q

2022 FOCUS

Continuing to refine the program and reducing impacts in the areas at highest risk

Enhanced Powerline Safety Settings

Settings quickly and automatically turn off power if a problem is detected on the line.



WHEN

Elevated wildfire risk is present, most likely from May to November, but can occur year-round.

NOTIFICATIONS



Customers receive notifications at the start of an outage, and regular updates; Since power is automatically shut off within one-tenth of a second, we are unable to provide advanced notice.

2023 FOCUS

Optimizing protective settings and reducing unknown outages

The company classifies outages according to industry definitions specified in the institute of Electrical and Electronic (IEEE) standards.



An outage of 5 minutes or less in duration.



Sustained Outage

An outage greater than 5 minutes in duration.



Planned Outage

Outages which are customer or public official-requested or where the company has provided notice to the customer.



Major Event

A set of outages which occurred during a specific time and location and which combined, exceeds historically expected outage duration (SAIDI) for at least one day (as defined in IEEE 1366-2012)



Reliability

How we measure reliability:

SmartMeter data

Information from customer calls

Information from PG&E's automated systems

How we track outages:

Outages are logged in PG&E's outage databases

Some data is stored automatically

Detailed data is gathered by PG&E's first responders and field crews What we do with the data:

Data is grouped into various metrics --SAIDI, SAIFI, CAIDI, MAIFI -- so we can learn more about our reliability and how best to improve



Immediate Response

Restoration crews make repairs and improvements to the electric system due to an outage

Daily Reviews

Previous day's outages are reviewed and near-term system improvement projects are identified

Weekly and Monthly Reviews

Trends in electric reliability are reviewed and action items are developed for both near- and long-term system improvement projects

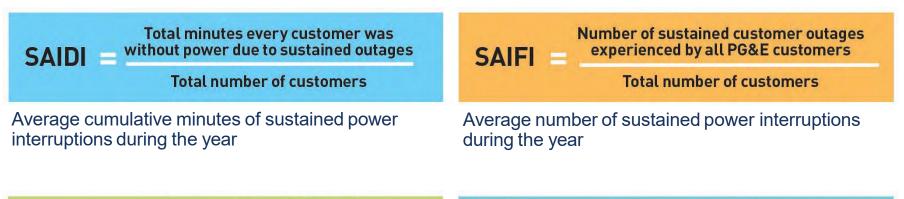
Annual Reviews

Long-term (one year or greater) system improvement projects are identified and planned



Reliability is consistently delivering power to our customers

How we define and measure this



| CAIDI = | System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI) | | Number of customers who experience Momentary Outages | | | | |
|---------|--|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI) | MAIFI = | Total number of customers | | | | |
| | tion of each sustained power during the year | Average nur during the ye | nber of momentary power interruptions | | | | |

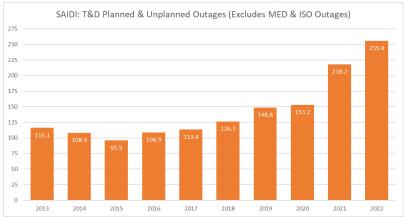
*AIDI – Average cumulative minutes of sustained power interruptions during the year on a specific circuit.

*AIFI – Average number of sustained power interruptions during the year on a specific circuit.

PG&E's Electric System Performance

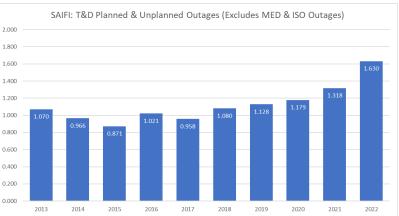
What is PG&E's system-wide reliability story?

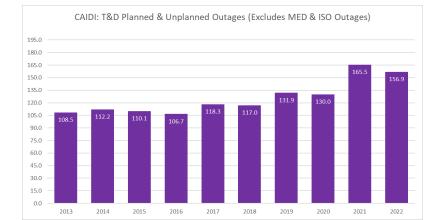
- Reliability performance continue to be impacted by severe storms, wildfire events and mitigations
- 120% increase in the amount of time customers experience outages since 2013 -SAIDI
- 52% increase in customer outages since 2013 SAIFI



How will PG&E's reliability improve?

- Significant infrastructure and system hardening investments
- New technology implementation
- Circuit-hardening programs



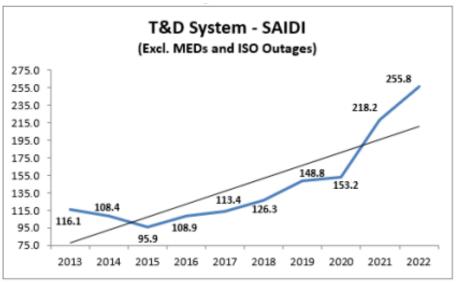




Combined Transmission and Distribution System Indices (2013-2022)

(Excludes MED and Independent System Operator ISO outages, and includes planned outages)

| | Major Events Excluded | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Year | SAIDI | SAIFI | MAIFI | CAIDI | | | | |
| 2013 | 116.1 | 1.070 | 1.527 | 108.5 | | | | |
| 2014 | 108.4 | 0.966 | 1.396 | 112.2 | | | | |
| 2015 | 95.9 | 0.871 | 1.594 | 110.1 | | | | |
| 2016 | 108.9 | 1.021 | 1.494 | 106.7 | | | | |
| 2017 | 113.4 | 0.958 | 1.489 | 118.3 | | | | |
| 2018 | 126.3 | 1.080 | 1.361 | 117.0 | | | | |
| 2019 | 148.8 | 1.128 | 1.282 | 131.9 | | | | |
| 2020 | 153.2 | 1.179 | 1.316 | 130.0 | | | | |
| 2021 | 218.2 | 1.318 | 1.327 | 165.5 | | | | |
| 2022 | 255.8 | 1.630 | 1.320 | 156.9 | | | | |



2013-2022 Transmission and Distribution System SAIDI Performance (Includes Planned Outages, Excludes Major Event Days and ISO Outages)

Poorly Performing Electric Circuits - AIDI

PG&E's poorly performing electric circuits in 2022, calculated by *the duration of time* the average PG&E customer experienced a sustained outage (an outage that lasts more than five minutes).

| | | | | TOTAL | CIRCUIT | | | | 3 YR AVG MAINLINE | 3 VR AVG |
|----|---------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------|---------|------|------|-----------|----------------------|----------|
| # | DIVISION | SUBSTATION | CIRCUITNAME | CUSTOMERS | MLES | % ОН | % UG | HFTD | OUTAGES | AIDI |
| 1 | NORTH VALLEY | CRESCENT MILLS | CRESCENT MILLS-2101 | 881 | 85 | 93 | 7 | 1&2 | 7 | 3445 |
| 2 | FRESNO | BALCH NO 1 | BALCH NO 1-1101 | 28 | 15 | 100 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3129 |
| 3 | DE ANZA | LOS GATOS | LOS GATOS-1106 | 1618 | 74 | 96 | 4 | 2&3 | 15 | 2457 |
| 4 | NORTH VALLEY | CHALLENGE | CHALLENGE-1101* | 705 | 49 | 98 | 2 | 2 & 3 | 8 | 2188 |
| 5 | NORTH VALLEY | PIT NO 5 | PIT NO 5-1101* | 120 | 27 | 89 | 11 | 2 | 6 | 2035 |
| 6 | HUMBOLDT | GARBERVILLE | GARBERVILLE-1102 | 1816 | 142 | 94 | 6 | 1&2 | 22 | 1891 |
| 7 | HUMBOLDT | HOOPA | HOOPA-1101 | 2086 | 142 | 92 | 8 | 1, 2, & 3 | 13 | 1645 |
| 8 | SIERRA | ALLEGHANY | ALLEGHANY-1101* | 1079 | 79 | 97 | 3 | 1, 2, & 3 | 10 | 1627 |
| 9 | CENTRAL COAST | BENLOMOND | BEN LOMOND-0401 | 884 | 24 | 96 | 4 | 3 | 10 | 1523 |
| 10 | SIERRA | ALLEGHANY | ALLEGHANY-1102 | 165 | 18 | 94 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 1519 |
| 11 | SIERRA | EL DORADO PH | EL DORADO PH-2101* | 3952 | 144 | 96 | 4 | 1, 2, & 3 | 17 | 1509 |
| 12 | HUMBOLDT | WILLOW CREEK | WILLOW CREEK-1103 | 1519 | 77 | 99 | 1 | 2&3 | 8 | 1422 |
| 13 | CENTRAL COAST | LOS OSITOS | LOS OSITOS-2103 | 1058 | 177 | 96 | 4 | 1&2 | 11 | 1410 |
| 14 | SIERRA | PLACERVILLE | PLACERVILLE-2106 | 5281 | 286 | 95 | 5 | 1, 2, & 3 | 15 | 1372 |
| 15 | NORTH VALLEY | ELK CREEK | ELK CREEK-1101* | 903 | 173 | 99 | 1 | 1&2 | 9 | 1328 |
| 16 | KERN | POSO MOUNTAIN | POSO MOUNTAIN-2101 | 142 | 59 | 100 | 0 | 1&2 | 8 | 1293 |
| 17 | CENTRAL COAST | OTTER | OTTER-1102* | 527 | 64 | 84 | 16 | 2&3 | 5 | 1284 |
| 18 | NORTH BAY | SILVERADO | SILVERADO-2104 | 3833 | 156 | 88 | 12 | 1, 2, & 3 | 18 | 1277 |
| 19 | NORTH VALLEY | CEDAR CREEK | CEDAR OREEK-1101* | 776 | 111 | 99 | 1 | 2&3 | 4 | 1147 |
| 20 | YOSEMITE | SPRING GAP | SPRING GAP-1702 | 1495 | 47 | 91 | 9 | 1, 2, & 3 | 7 | 1126 |
| 21 | SIERRA | APPLE HILL | APPLE HILL-2102 | 4902 | 377 | 97 | 3 | 1, 2, & 3 | 19 | 1119 |
| 22 | CENTRAL COAST | CASSERLY | CASSER_Y-0401 | 215 | 3 | 100 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 1094 |

AIDI Worst Performing Circuit for 2022

* Highlighted circuits are poor performing on both SAIDI and SAIFI metrics

Poorly Performing Electric Circuits - AIFI

PG&E's poorly performing electric circuits in 2022, calculated by *the number of times* the average PG&E customer experienced a sustained outage (an outage that lasts more than five minutes).

| | | | | - | | | | | | |
|----|---------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|------|------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | | | | | | 3 YR AVG | |
| | | | | TOTAL | CIRCUIT | | | | MAINLINE | 3 YR AVG |
| # | DIVISION | SUBSTATION | CIRCUIT NAME | CUSTOMERS | MILES | % ОН | % UG | HFTD | OUTAGES | AIFI |
| 1 | CENTRAL COAST | BEN LOMOND | BEN LOMOND-0401* | 884 | 24 | 96 | 4 | 3 | 10 | 7.78 |
| 2 | DE ANZA | LOS GATOS | LOS GATOS-1106* | 1618 | 74 | 96 | 4 | 2&3 | 15 | 7.27 |
| 3 | CENTRAL COAST | CASSERLY | CASSERLY-0401 | 215 | 3 | 100 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 6.67 |
| 4 | HUMBOLDT | GARBERVILLE | GARBERVILLE-1102 | 1816 | 142 | 94 | 6 | 1&2 | 22 | 5.32 |
| 5 | HUMBOLDT | FRUITLAND | FRUITLAND-1141 | 386 | 26 | 100 | 0 | 1&2 | 7 | 5.26 |
| 6 | HUMBOLDT | GARBERVILLE | GARBERVILLE-1101* | 1275 | 164 | 98 | 2 | 1&2 | 15 | 5.22 |
| 7 | CENTRAL COAST | LOS OSITOS | LOS OSITOS-2103 | 1058 | 177 | 96 | 4 | 1&2 | 11 | 4.98 |
| 8 | STOCKTON | ALPINE | ALPINE-1101* | 281 | 8 | 12 | 88 | 1 | 5 | 4.94 |
| 9 | CENTRAL COAST | BIG TREES | BIG TREES-0402 | 868 | 17 | 100 | 0 | 1, 2, & 3 | 4 | 4.89 |
| 10 | NORTHVALLEY | CHALLENGE | CHALLENGE-1101 | 705 | 49 | 98 | 2 | 2&3 | 8 | 4.83 |
| 11 | SIERRA | EL DORADO PH | EL DORADO PH-2101* | 3952 | 144 | 96 | 4 | 1, 2, & 3 | 17 | 4.80 |
| 12 | YOSEMITE | CURTIS | CURTIS-1702 | 4449 | 124 | 94 | 6 | 1, 2, & 3 | 10 | 4.75 |
| 13 | LOS PADRES | TEMPLETON | TEMPLETON-2113* | 5521 | 352 | 92 | 8 | 1, 2, & 3 | 18 | 4.60 |
| 14 | SIERRA | ALLEGHANY | ALLEGHANY-1101* | 1079 | 79 | 97 | 3 | 1, 2, & 3 | 10 | 4.39 |
| 15 | CENTRAL COAST | GREENVALLEY | GREEN VALLEY-2101 | 3130 | 167 | 93 | 7 | 1, 2, & 3 | 17 | 4.34 |
| 16 | SIERRA | PLACERVILLE | PLACERVILLE-2106 | 5281 | 286 | 95 | 5 | 1, 2, & 3 | 15 | 4.33 |
| 17 | SIERRA | SHINGLE SPRINGS | SHINGLE SPRINGS-2108 | 2903 | 40 | 70 | 30 | 1, 2, & 3 | 6 | 4.22 |
| 18 | HUMBOLDT | HOOPA | HOOPA-1101 | 2086 | 142 | 92 | 8 | 1, 2, & 3 | 13 | 4.17 |
| 19 | DE ANZA | CAMP EVERS | CAMP EVERS-2106* | 6111 | 166 | 88 | 12 | 1, 2, & 3 | 22 | 4.16 |
| 20 | YOSEMITE | MARIPOSA | MARIPOSA-2102 | 3324 | 262 | 98 | 2 | 1, 2, & 3 | 10 | 4.06 |
| 21 | NORTHVALLEY | CRESCENT MILLS | CRESCENT MILLS-2101 | 881 | 85 | 93 | 7 | 1&2 | 7 | 3.95 |
| 22 | SACRAMENTO | GRAND ISLAND | GRAND ISLAND-2227 | 1124 | 159 | 99 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 3.94 |

AIFI Worst Performing Circuit for 2022

*Highlighted circuits are poor performing on both SAIDI and SAIFI metrics

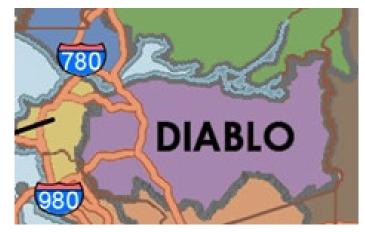


PG&E's Electric Circuit Geography

System Map



Diablo Division



Declined reliability over the last 10 years.

- In 2013, the average customer experienced 80.3 minutes of sustained power interruptions
- In 2022, customers experienced 114.4 minutes
- An increase of over 42% largely due to implementation of EPSS settings

More outage interruptions.

- In 2013, the average customer experienced **1.001** sustained power interruptions in a year
- In 2022, the average customer experienced **1.566** interruptions
- An increase of over 56% largely due to implementation of EPSS settings

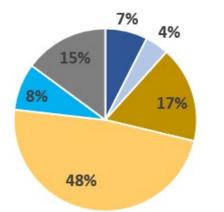
Power was on

99.95%

of the time

Power Outages in Your County

- Average Customers Impacted per Outage: 240 customers
- Average Outage Length: 2.2 hours



Data from July-September 2022

Types of Outages

- Third-party incident
- Weather/vegetation
- PG&E operations and maintenance
- Animal interacted with equipment
- Equipment issue
- Unknown

County- and city-level versions of this report were shared with all electric customers in November 2022 and are available <u>here</u>.



Reliability Projects in Diablo Division

Wildfire Hardening Projects

- In 2023, PG&E completed a wildfire undergrounding project near Walnut Creek in Contra Costa County that made the electric distribution system more resilient to extreme weather events and EPSS outages. This project included the removal of overhead lines and installation of approximately 10,000 feet of cable and protection devices.
- Installed 5 SCADA switches, installed over 20 line sensors, and replaced over 40 non-exempt fuses as part of Wildfire Mitigation program.

Reliability Improvements

- Improved operational flexibility for Danville customers by installing 7 SCADA devices, restoring ties to two adjacent circuits, and offloading customers.
- Installed multiple Fault Indicators to narrow down future outage locations and reduce future patrol times.
- Replaced over 100 poles and completed hundreds of maintenance tags.
- Repaired Rossmoor 1107 underground main line cable.
- Completed bird retrofits on the Rossmoor 1105 and 1107 circuits.
- Completed refinements to EPSS settings on PG&E protection devices and continued making refinements to EPSS Planning Processes.

The Future of PG&E Reliability

PG&E plans to continue to explore and deploy smart grid technology, including:

- Continue to make refinements to EPSS settings on PG&E protection devices and continue making refinements to EPSS Planning Processes
- Eight reliability improvement projects are in-scope for 2024*

EPSS reliability enhancement

- Install 2 Line Reclosures on Willow Pass 1101*
- Install 1 Line Reclosure on Meadow Lane 2106*
- Install 1 Interrupter on Willow Pass 2108*

Continue integrating clean and renewable energy on the grid, such as:

- Solar
- Electric vehicles
- Battery storage technology
- Energy efficiency improvement
- Microgrids

*Subject to change based on year-to-year budgetary constraints



Annual report and a copy of this presentation

pge.com/ertownhall

Contact us 800-743-5000

Questions?